

Deaths from suicide and injury of undetermined intent in Derby City and Derbyshire County

[Deaths registered in 2024]

This short report provides information on deaths registered in 2024 from suicide and injury of undetermined intent in people living in Derby City and Derbyshire County



Public Health Knowledge
& Intelligence Team

Deaths from suicide and injury of undetermined intent in Derby City and Derbyshire County

2025 Report

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This report is a resource to support professionals working to prevent suicide. If you are looking for personal support, we invite you to make a GP appointment, ring NHS 111 or if you feel it is an emergency to contact 999. Alternatively, the Samaritans offer a listening service 116 123.

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1 KEY FINDINGS

- The number of deaths by suicide and injury of undetermined intent registered in 2024 was 26 for Derby City and 98 for Derbyshire County. Of the deaths registered in 2024, 90% occurred in either 2024 or 2023, with a median time interval of 218 days between date of death and date of registration.
- The 3-year pooled age-standardised rate for deaths from suicide and injury of undetermined intent in 2022 - 24 for Derby City and Derbyshire County were similar to the national rate.
- Of note for Derby City and Derbyshire County in 2024:
 - Of the deaths from suicide and injury of undetermined intent registered in 2024, 71.0% were males.
 - The age specific rate of suicide and injury of undetermined intent was highest in the 45-59 years age group for Derbyshire County combined with Derby City, for deaths recorded in 2024, although the rates were statistically similar compared with other age groups.
 - Where data was recorded in the death registration, the professional occupations group had the highest percentage (24%) for deaths registered in Derbyshire County and the highest percentage (35%) for deaths registered in Derby City in 2024.
 - At district level, Chesterfield and the Derbyshire Dales had a statistically significantly higher rate compared to England for deaths registered 2022-24.
 - There was a significant difference in rates of death between the most deprived quintile and the fourth least deprived quintile.
 - 46% of deaths registered in 2024 occurred within the home environment, 28% occurred in other outdoor settings which included parks and open spaces, car parks, commercial buildings and other residential locations. 14% occurred in hospitals.
 - 66% of male deaths and 50% of female deaths were due to hanging, suffocation or strangulation.
- There may be opportunities for further analysis related to this data, including:
 - Comparing the recent data for Derby City and Derbyshire County against the 2024 national and regional trends.
 - Considering qualitative data, such as Reports to Prevent Future Deaths from the Courts and Tribunals Judiciary. This could ensure that any relevant recommendations or learning are applied locally.
 - Where the rates and patterns of deaths continue to be similar over time, to pool several years of data in order to answer specific analytic questions in regard to demographic and geographical characteristics as well as in regard to place and method of death where there are small numbers in each category for one year of death registrations.

2 INTRODUCTION

The aim of this report is to present the information from descriptive analysis of the most recent data on deaths from suicide and injury of undetermined intent in Derby City and Derbyshire County. It is intended to describe the patterns for the deaths registered in 2024, including benchmarking against national trends, and to inform further analysis for the Derby and Derbyshire Self-harm and Suicide Prevention Partnership Forum (DSSPPF). Previous reports are available on the Derbyshire Joint Strategic Needs Assessment (JSNA) suicide prevention key topic summary¹.

The report focusses on data for residents of Derby City and Derbyshire County. Derby City is a Unitary Authority covering an urban area with an estimated population of 274,100² in 2024. The city has areas that experience significant levels of socioeconomic deprivation and poorer health outcomes compared with East Midlands and England³. Derbyshire County extends over 900 square miles, with an estimated population of 822,377² in 2024 with a mix of market towns, villages, and rural areas including the Peak District National Park. Many of the indicators of health for Derbyshire County are similar to the East Midlands and England averages, although there is notable variation between the districts, with areas such as Bolsover and Chesterfield experiencing higher levels of socioeconomic deprivation. Further descriptions of the populations and health needs are available in the JSNA⁴.

3 METHODOLOGY

This report describes the data for Derby City and Derbyshire County residents pertaining to deaths from suicide and injury of undetermined intent which were registered in 2024. If the death of a resident occurred outside of the residential area, it will still be included. The data within this report are sourced from the Primary Care Mortality Database supplied by NHS England under a Data Sharing Agreement⁵. This dataset includes some descriptive information about the deceased, i.e. age and occupation but does not include information on topics such as neurodiversity or gender identity. The standard proof required to categorise a death as suicide was changed from the criminal standard of “beyond all reasonable doubt” to the civil standard of “on the balance of probabilities” in July 2018⁶.

The data analysis for this report follows the methodology of previous reports and aligns with the methodology used by the Office for National Statistics (ONS). The Primary Care Mortality Database data is extracted from death certificates. In cases of suicide and injury of undetermined intent there is often a delay between the date of death and date of registration due to the length and timing of Coroners' Inquests. This can lead to discrepancies between reports where snapshots of the data are taken at different times. This report is specifically for deaths registered in 2024, which ONS have published as 26 deaths for Derby City and 98 deaths for Derbyshire County. The categorisation of a 'Death from Suicide and Injury of Undetermined Intent' is where the primary cause of death is due to one of the following codes from ICD10⁷ X60-X84 (age 10+ only), Y10-Y34 (age 15+ only). Only deaths of injury of undetermined intent in adults aged 15 years and over are included, deaths from undetermined intent for 10–14 year-olds are not categorised as suicide as it is not clear if it is appropriate to assume the intention of the cause of death. Age

¹ https://observatory.derbyshire.gov.uk/wp-content/uploads/reports/documents/health/jsna/Quarto/site/Healthy_People/Mental_Health/Suicides.html

² <https://www.ons.gov.uk/peoplepopulationandcommunity/populationandmigration/populationestimates>

³ <https://fingertips.phe.org.uk/profile/public-health-outcomes-framework>

⁴ For Derby City, see <https://info4derby.derby.gov.uk/>; for Derbyshire, see <https://observatory.derbyshire.gov.uk/jsna/>

⁵ <https://digital.nhs.uk/data-and-information/keeping-data-safe-and-benefitting-the-public>

⁶ <https://www.ons.gov.uk/peoplepopulationandcommunity/birthsdeathsandmarriages/deaths/articles/changeinthestandardofproofusedbycoronersandtheimpactonsuicidedeathregistrationsdatainenglandandwales/2020-12-08>

⁷ [Fingertips | Department of Health and Social Care](#) suicide indicator definitions and supporting information

standardised rates have been calculated using 10+ years as the denominator and are presented per 100,000 population. Rates are not calculated for small counts (<10) to ensure comparisons are robust. Confidence intervals are compared to each other to determine statistical significance rather than comparing to a target or benchmark. The confidence intervals are calculated using the methodology recommended by OHID, Breslow NE, Day Ne (1987)⁸, however this methodology shows some small differences from the method used by DHSC Fingertips which follows the ONS methodology for calculating confidence intervals, Dobson et al (1991)⁹.

4 DATA

4.1 Numbers of deaths from suicide and injury of undetermined intent

The number of deaths by suicide and injury of undetermined intent registered in 2024 totalled 26 for Derby City and 98 for Derbyshire County. For deaths registered in 2024, 91.9% of deaths were identified as suicide and 8.1% were identified as deaths from injury of undetermined intent.

The number of deaths by suicide and injury of undetermined intent is monitored annually. Table 1 shows how the total numbers of deaths registered in 2024 for Derbyshire County and Derby City compares with previous years. The number of deaths registered in 2024 was the same as the previous year for Derby City and higher for Derbyshire County.

Table 1: Numbers of deaths from suicide and injury of undetermined intent by year of registration

Area	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022*	2023	2024
Derby City	20	20	26	19	18	10	23	20	18	20	32	26	26
Derbyshire County	56	46	87	83	55	49	73	77	87	80	84	87	98
Total	76	66	113	102	73	59	96	97	105	100	116	113	124

Source: Primary Care Mortality Database

*ONS recorded 31 for Derby City and 83 for Derbyshire County in 2022

The number of deaths recorded as suicide and injury of undetermined intent is reported by the year in which the death was registered. Table 2 presents the data (for the combined area) comparing the year the death occurred with the year that the death was registered. The majority (50%) of deaths registered in 2024 were for deaths that occurred in 2023. For deaths registered in 2024, deaths have been recorded over a seven-year period (2018-2024).

Table 2: Comparison between the year that the death was registered, with the year that death occurred, for deaths from suicide and injury of undetermined intent

Year Death Registered	Total number of deaths	Percentage of Deaths by the Year Death Occurred											
		2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
2017	59			5%	59%	36%							
2018	96			*	13%	48%	37%						
2019	97	*		*	*	11%	56%	28%					
2020	105			*		*	7%	52%	37%				
2021	100				*		*	12%	43%	40%			
2022	116			*	*	*	*	8%	9%	52%	24%		
2023	113						*		*	6%	54%	35%	
2024	124						*	*	*	*	5%	50%	40%

Source: Primary Care Mortality Database

* Suppressed to prevent disclosure through differencing

⁸ [Statistical methods in cancer research. Volume II--The design and analysis of cohort studies - PubMed](#)

⁹ [Confidence intervals for weighted sums of poisson parameters - Dobson - 1991 - Statistics in Medicine - Wiley Online Library](#)

In Derbyshire County 44% of deaths recorded as suicide or injury of undetermined intent registered in 2024 occurred in 2024. In Derby City 27% of deaths that were registered in 2024 occurred in 2024, Table 3.

Table 3: Deaths registered in 2024 in Derby City and Derbyshire County by year of death

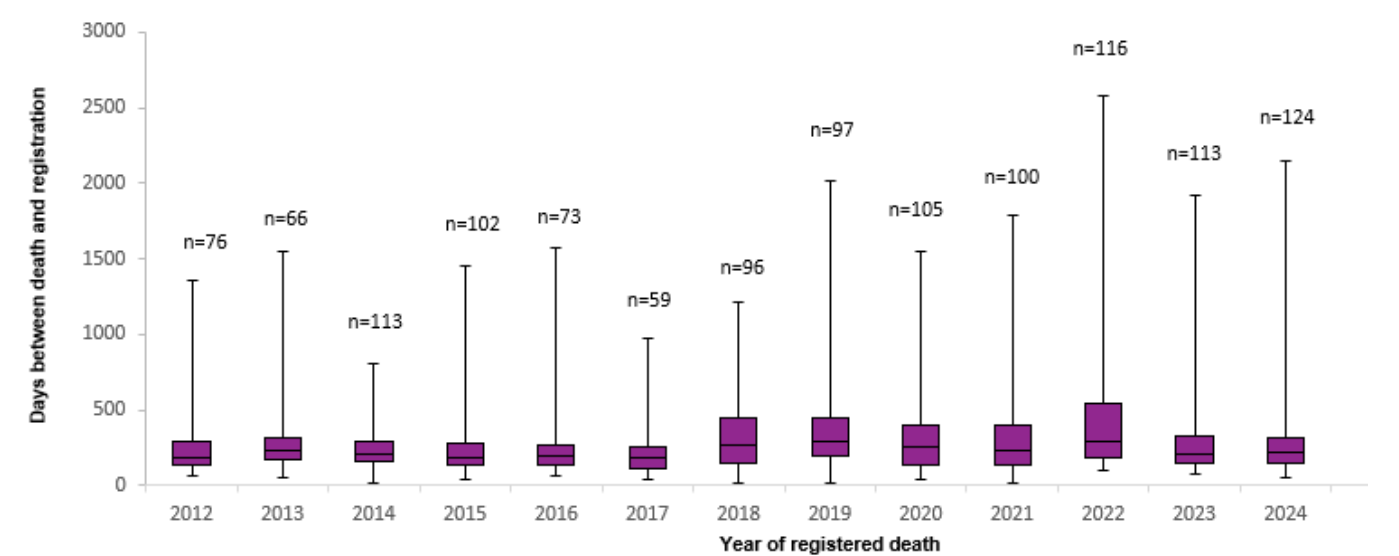
Year of Death	Derby City	Derbyshire County
2016		
2017		
2018		*
2019		*
2020	*	*
2021	*	*
2022	*	*
2023	50%	50%
2024	27%	44%

Source: Primary Care Mortality Database

* Supressed as prescribed by the disclosure control guidance (ONS)

For deaths recorded as suicide and injury of undetermined intent registered in 2024, the median time difference between date of death and date of registration was 218 days, with a range from 51 days to 2152 days (Figure 1). There have been no significant changes in the time lag between date of death and date of death registration observed in this time period however the median number of days has increased from 212 days for deaths registered in 2023.

Figure 1: Time interval in number of days between the date of death and date of registration for deaths recorded as suicide and injury of undertermined intent



Horizontal line shows median time, box shows interquartile range, vertical lines show range.
Source: Primary Care Mortality Database
ONS recorded 31 for Derby City and 83 for Derbyshire County in 2022

4.2 Rates of deaths from suicide and injury of undetermined intent

The age-standardised rates of deaths from suicide and injury of undetermined intent are presented in Table 4 and displayed in Figure 2. These age-standardised rates allow comparison over time and between areas. The rates are presented as 3-year rolling averages to allow for the yearly fluctuations associated with the relatively small numbers of deaths compared to the population size. The error bars in Figure 2 show the 95% confidence intervals around each data point. As these are small numbers, particularly for Derby City, even with pooled data there remains an inherent degree of uncertainty, such that caution should be taken in interpreting trends.

The recent trend (Figure 2) shows that Derbyshire County had slightly higher rates compared to the average for England, these were not statistically significantly higher. Since 2013-15, the rates for Derby City have remained similar to the England average. Overall, there is no statistical difference in the rates between Derby City and Derbyshire County. In Derbyshire County, the 3-year pooled mortality rate for 2022-24 was 12.5 per 100,000. In Derby City, the 3-year pooled mortality rate for 2022-24 was 12.4 per 100,000.

Table 4: Age-standardised rates of deaths from suicide and injury of undetermined intent per 100,000 population in Derby City and Derbyshire County

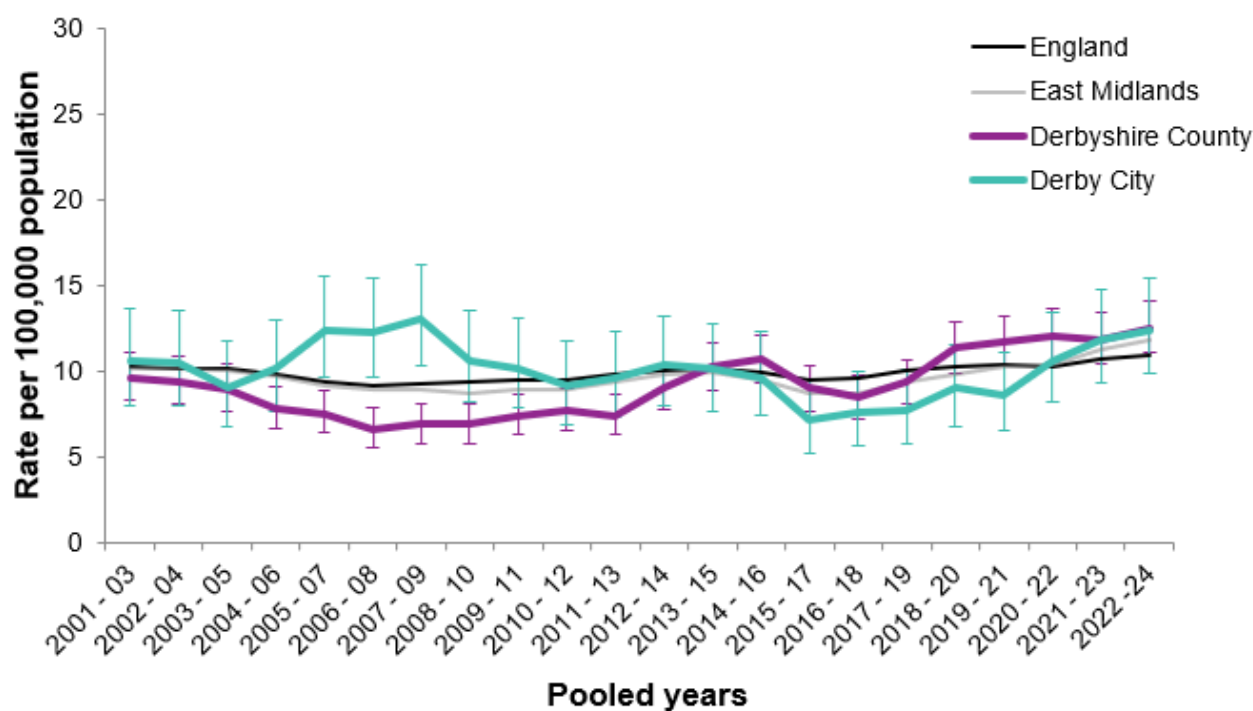
3 year pooled period	Derbyshire County			Derby City			England		
	Number	Rate	Confidence Intervals	Number	Rate	Confidence Intervals	Number	Rate	Confidence Intervals
2013-15	216	10.3	(8.9-11.7)	65	10.2	(7.7-12.8)	14429	10.1	(10.0-10.3)
2014-16	225	10.7	(9.3-12.1)	63	9.6	(7.4-12.3)	14227	9.9	(9.7-10.1)
2015-17	187	9.0	(7.7-10.3)	47	7.1	(5.2-9.5)	13846	9.5	(9.4-9.7)
2016-18	177	8.5	(7.2-9.8)	51	7.6	(5.6-10.0)	14047	9.6	(9.4-9.8)
2017-19	199	9.4	(8.1-10.7)	53	7.7	(5.8-10.1)	14788	10.0	(9.9-10.2)
2018-20	237	11.4	(9.9-12.9)	61	9	(6.8-11.5)	15249	10.3	(10.1-10.5)
2019-21	244	11.7	(10.3-13.2)	58	8.6	(6.5-11.1)	15447	10.4	(10.2-10.6)
2020-22	251	12	(10.5-13.6)	70	10.6	(8.2-13.4)	15415	10.3	(10.2-10.5)
2021-22	251	11.8	(10.4-13.4)	78	11.8	(9.3-14.8)	16159	10.7	(10.6-10.9)
2022-24	269	12.5	(11.1-14.1)	84	12.4	(9.9-15.4)	16657	10.9	(10.8-11.1)

Age-standardised Rates calculated from 2013-15 onwards using revised PHE methodology with 10years+ as the population denominator

Source: Primary Care Mortality Database, ONS Mid-Year Population Estimates, ONS England suicide rates

ONS recorded 31 for Derby City and 83 for Derbyshire County in 2022

Figure 2: Longer term trends in age-standardised rates of deaths from suicide and injury of undetermined intent per 100,000 population compared with regional and national rates



Error bars represent 95% confidence intervals for the rates
Source: Primary Care Mortality Database, ONS Mid-Year Population Estimates, ONS England suicide rates

4.3 Deaths from suicide and injury of undetermined intent by demographic characteristics

4.3.1 Sex

Historically, a significantly higher proportion of those who die by suicide or from injury of undetermined intent have been males and this pattern is apparent for deaths registered in 2024 for Derbyshire County, see table 5. For Derby City the female count of suicide or injury of undetermined intent was less than 10, therefore the rate could not be calculated in 2024. Caution should be taken when comparing rates due to the wide confidence intervals present.

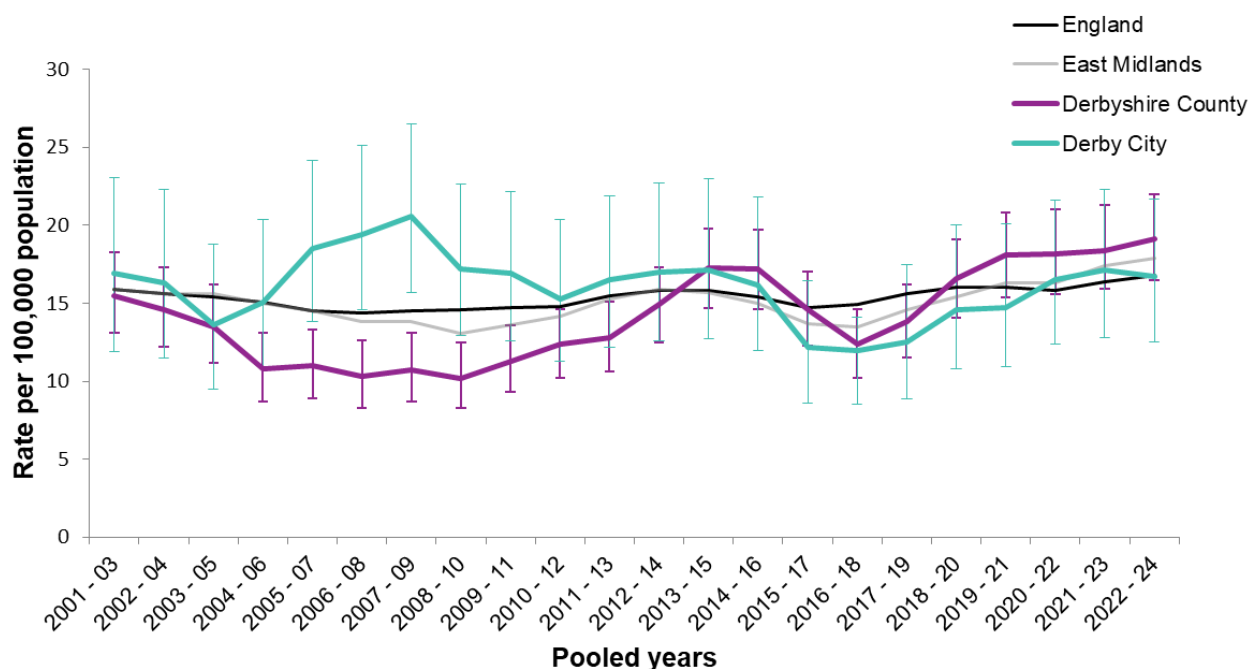
Table 5: Deaths from suicide and injury of undetermined intent registered in 2024 by sex

Sex	Derbyshire County			Derby City		
	Number	Standardised rate	Confidence Intervals	Number	Standardised rate	Confidence Intervals
Males	71 (72%)	20.7	(16.1 – 26.2)	17 (65%)	14.9	(8.6 – 23.9)
Females	27 (28%)	7.7	(5.0 – 11.2)	9 (35%)		

Source: Primary Care Mortality Database, ONS Mid-Year Population Estimates

Figure 3 shows the trends over time in the rates of deaths from suicide and injury of undetermined intent in males. These are 3-year pooled rates which are more stable to allow comparisons over time. There is currently no statistical difference in the rates between Derbyshire County and Derby City or the national rate for males.

Figure 3: Longer term trends in age-standardised rates of deaths from suicide and injury of undetermined intent per 100,000 population in males

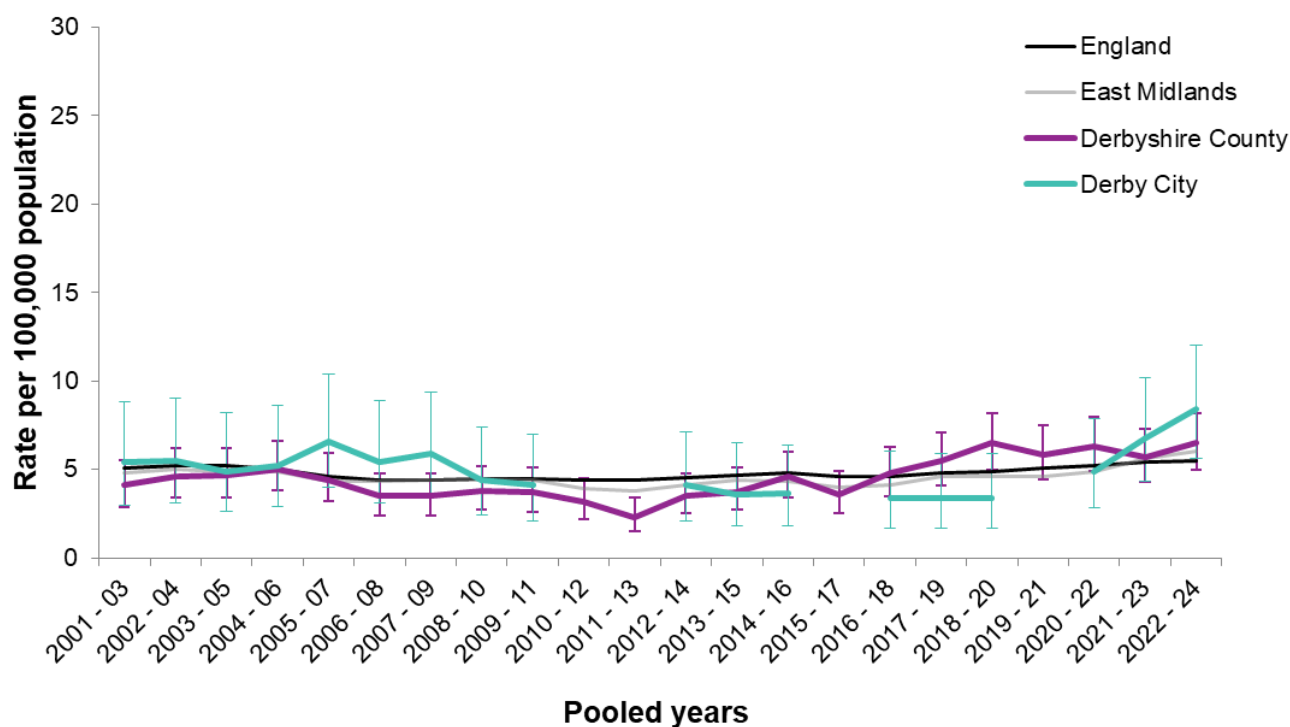


Error bars represent 95% confidence intervals for the rates

Source: Primary Care Mortality Database, ONS Mid-year population estimates, ONS suicide England rates

Figure 4 shows the trends over time in the rates of deaths from suicide and injury of undetermined intent in females. An age standardised rate for deaths in females in Derby City from suicide and injury of undetermined intent cannot be reliably calculated for 2010-12, 2011-13, 2015-17 or 2019-21 due to small numbers; similarly, the rates for females in Derbyshire County in 2011-13 could not be calculated. The most recent rate for females in Derby City has increased when compared to the previous rate, however this rise was not statistically significant.

Figure 4: Longer term trends in age-standardised rates of deaths from suicide and injury of undetermined intent per 100,000 population in females



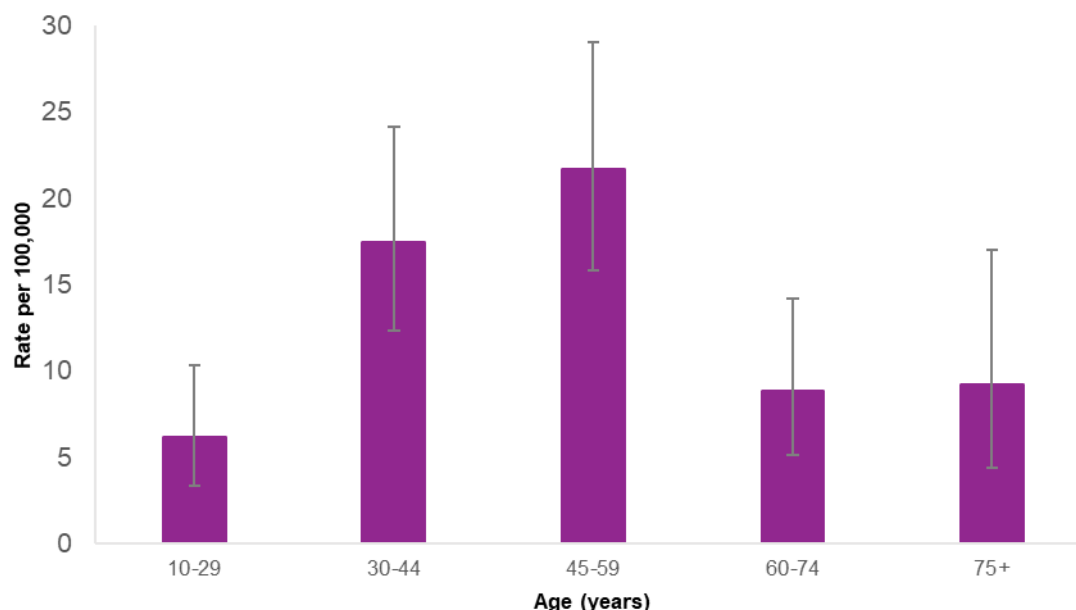
Error bars represent 95% confidence intervals for the rates.

Source: Primary Care Mortality Database, ONS Mid-year population estimates, ONS suicide England rates

4.3.2 Age

Figure 5 shows the age specific rates of deaths from suicide and injury of undetermined intent for deaths registered in 2024. The highest rates were observed among people aged 45–59 years and were statistically significantly higher than the rates seen in people aged 10–29 years and 60–64 years. People aged 10–29 years had the lowest rates, which were statistically significantly lower than those observed in the 30–44 and 45–59 years age groups. The pattern across age groups is primarily influenced by the data for the deaths of men.

Figure 5: Age specific rates for deaths from suicide and injury of undetermined intent registered in 2024 by age group for Derby City and Derbyshire County



Error bars represent 95% Confidence Intervals

Source: Primary Care Mortality Database

Age categories specified by ONS¹⁰

* Represents where directly standardised rates cannot be calculated robustly due to too few deaths

Figure 6 shows the trends for age specific pooled rates for deaths in Derby City and Derbyshire County from suicide and injury of undetermined intent registered from 2011 to 2024. The highest rate of deaths registered from suicide and injury of undetermined intent was for the 30-44 years age group for 2022-2024. There has been a recent increase in the rates of deaths registered for age groups 30-44 and 45-59 however these have not reached statistical significance. Caution should be taken in interpreting trends as there is a high level of uncertainty around the data due to the small numbers of deaths used to calculate the rates.

¹⁰ Policy on protecting confidentiality in tables of births and deaths statistics, see

<https://www.ons.gov.uk/methodology/methodologytopicsandstatisticalconcepts/disclosurecontrol/policyonprotectingconfidentialityintablesbirthanddeathstatistics>

Figure 6: Trends in age-standardised pooled rates of deaths from suicide and injury of undetermined intent by age group for Derby City and Derbyshire County



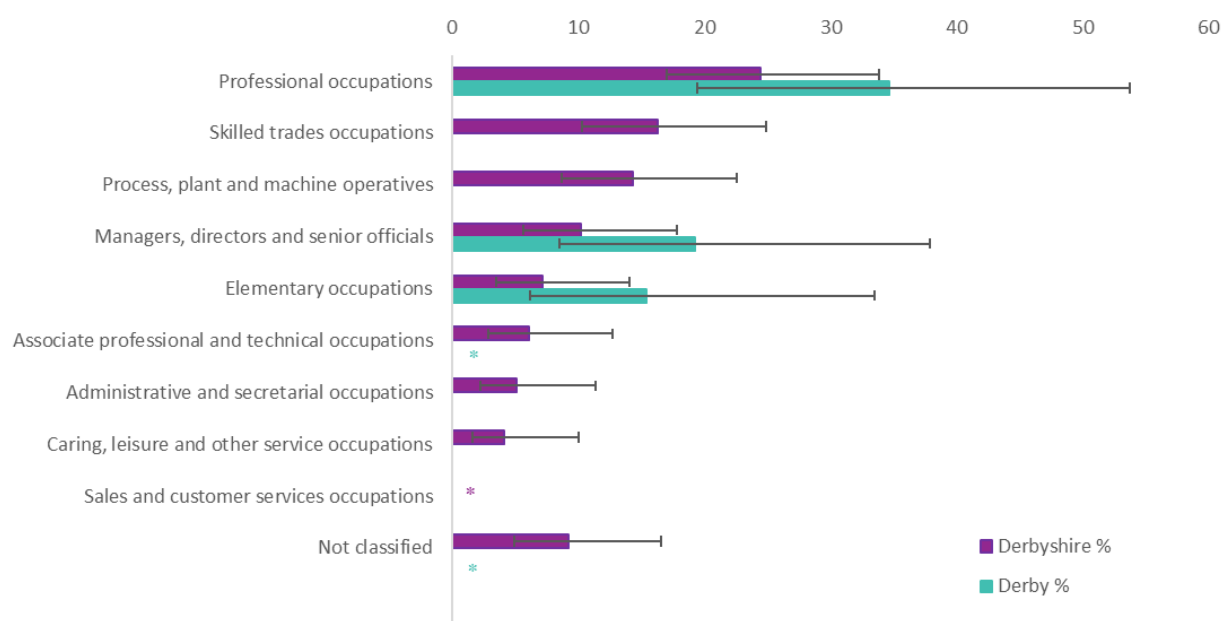
Error bars represent 95% confidence intervals for the rates
Source: Primary Care Mortality Database

4.3.3 Occupational group

Occupational group is considered an indicator of socioeconomic status. Where data has been recorded in the death registration (91.9% of the dataset), this has been assigned within the Office for National Statistics (ONS) standard occupational classifications¹¹. Figure 7 shows the proportions of suicide and injury of undetermined intent by occupational groups, for deaths registered in 2024. Of note, these are the proportions of the deaths that were registered and are not adjusted to the baseline numbers of each occupational group in the population.

¹⁰ <https://www.ons.gov.uk/methodology/classificationsandstandards/standardoccupationalclassificationsof>

Figure 7: Proportion of deaths registered in 2024 from suicide and injury of undetermined intent by occupational classification group



Error bars represent 95% Confidence Intervals

Source: Primary Care Mortality Database

* Counts of less than 3 are suppressed as prescribed by the disclosure control guidance (ONS)

In Derbyshire County, the highest percentage of deaths registered in 2024 by occupational classification group were from the professional occupations group (24%), followed by skilled trades occupations (16%). In Derby City the highest percentage of deaths registered in 2024 by occupational classification group were professional occupations (35%).

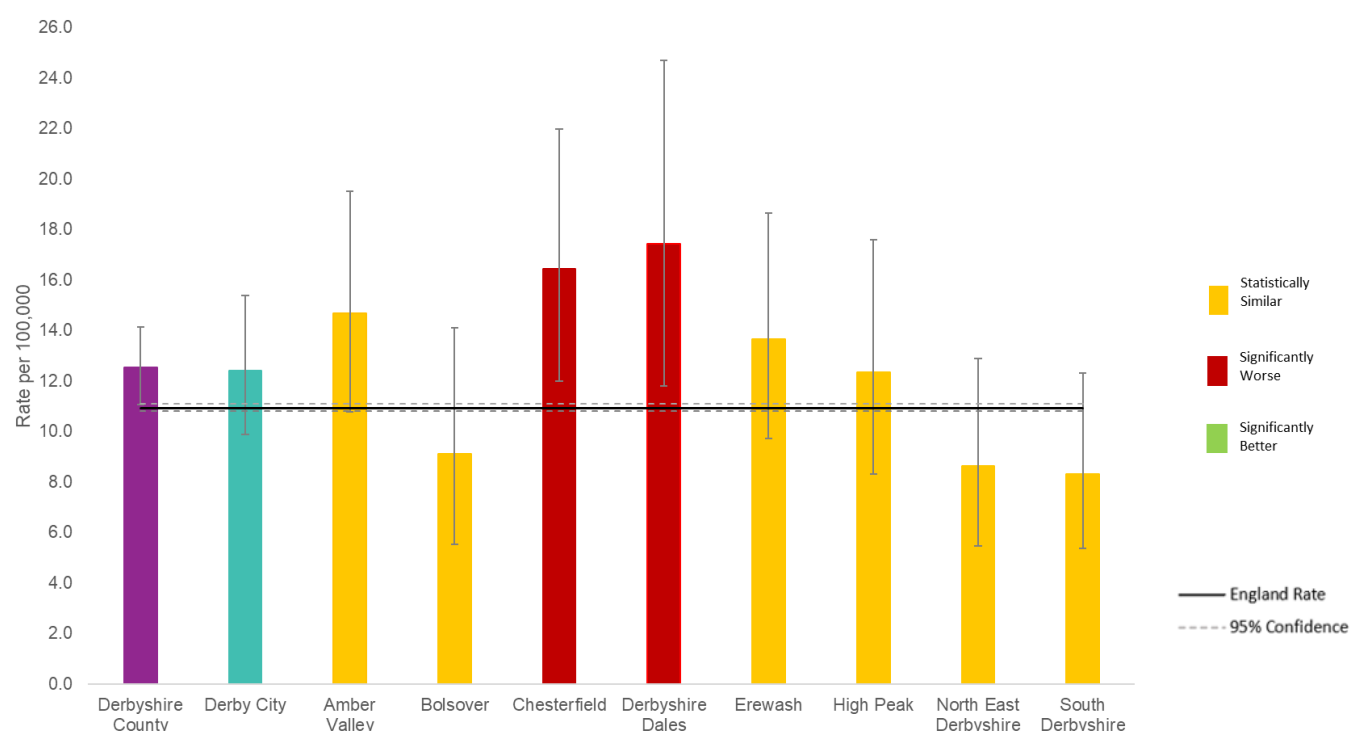
4.4 Deaths from suicide and injury of undetermined intent by geographical area

The Primary Care Mortality Database includes the usual resident address for registered deaths allowing analysis of the data by geographical area.

4.4.1 District

Figure 8 shows the rates for deaths from suicide and injury of undetermined intent registered in 2022-24. Chesterfield and Derbyshire Dales districts had a statistically significantly higher rate when compared to England. There was no significant statistical difference between the district, county and city rates.

Figure 8: Age-standardised rates of registered deaths from suicide and injury of undetermined intent by Local Authority District, Unitary Authority or County (2022-2024)



Error bars represent 95% Confidence Intervals
Source: Primary Care Mortality Database

Figure 9 shows the rates for deaths from suicide and injury of undetermined intent registered in 2022-24 for males in Derbyshire and Derby City. There are no statistically significant differences between the rates across the districts or in comparison with England. Figure 10 shows the rates for females in Derbyshire for deaths from suicide and injury of undetermined intent registered 2022-24. Amber Valley, Chesterfield, Derbyshire Dales and Erewash had statistically similar rates to the England rate. Due to small numbers, the rates for other districts within Derbyshire could not be calculated.

Figure 9: Age-standardised rates of registered deaths from suicide and injury of undetermined intent for Males by Local Authority District, Unitary Authority, County (2022-2024)

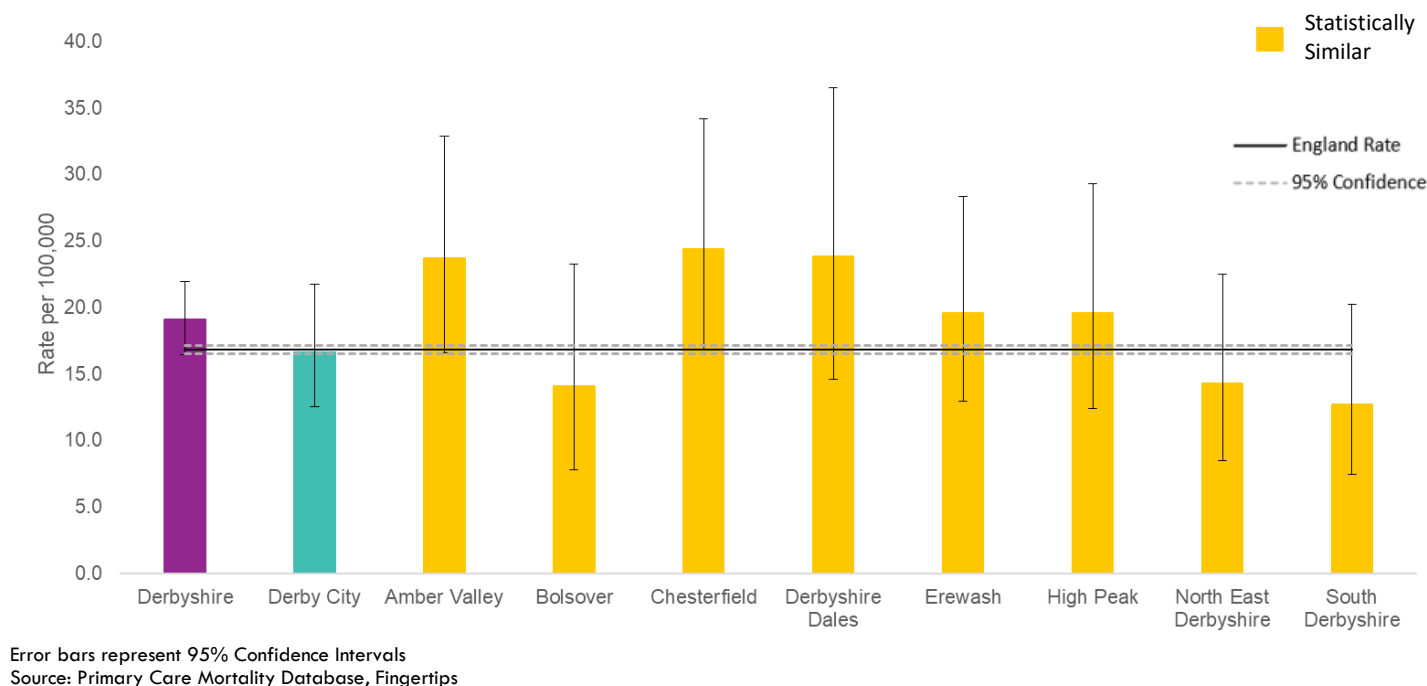
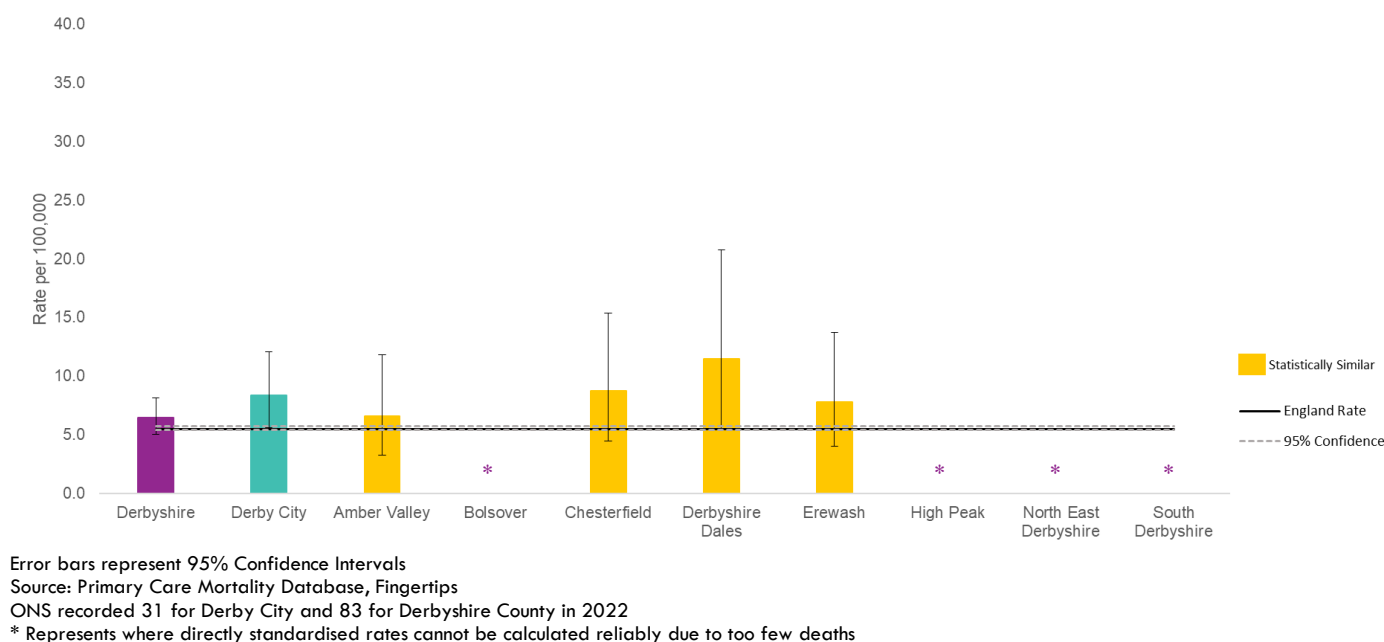


Figure 10: Age-standardised rates of registered deaths from suicide and injury of undetermined intent for Females by Local Authority District, Unitary Authority or County (2022-2024)

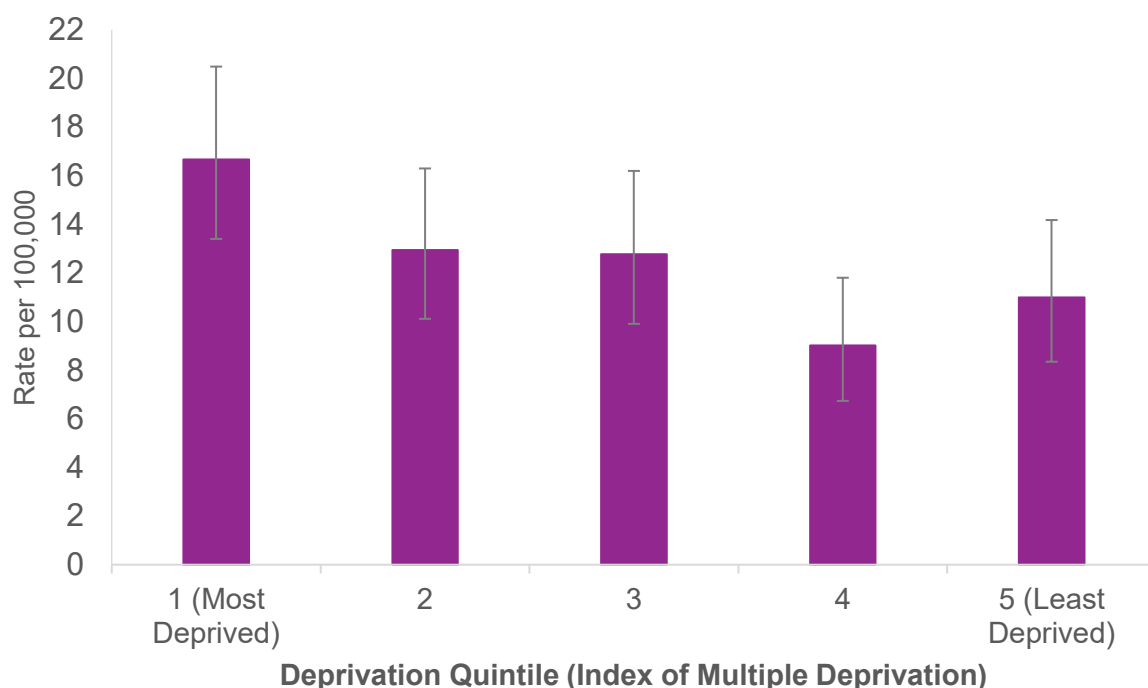


4.4.2 Deprivation

An analysis of the data on deaths from suicide and injury of undetermined intent by Lower Super Output Area (populations of approximately 1,500 people) was compared with Index of Multiple Deprivation scores, ranked in quintiles. Figure 11 shows the rate of deaths registered in 2022-24 for Derbyshire County and Derby City by deprivation quintile. The only statistically significant difference was between the most

deprived quintile and the fourth least deprived quintile in the rates of suicide in this dataset. There is a high level of uncertainty around the data due to the small numbers of deaths used to calculate the rates for each quintile.

Figure 11: Age-standardised rates of deaths from suicide and injury of undetermined intent by national deprivation quintile, deaths registered in 2022-2024



Calculated using Index of Multiple Deprivation 2025

Age standardised rates. Error bars represent 95% Confidence Intervals

Source: Primary Care Mortality Database and Office for National Statistics

Age standardised rates were calculated using mid-year population estimates by five-year age bands, using 2021 LSOA boundaries

4.4.3 Rural/Urban Classification

Comparison by rurality of an area was calculated, implementing the ONS classifications to Ordnance Survey mapping categories (Larger rural: Further from a major town or city, Larger rural: Nearer to a major town or city, Smaller rural: Further from a major town or city, Smaller rural: Nearer to a major town or city, Urban: Further from a major town or city and Urban: Nearer to a major town or city). Derby City is classified fully within the Urban: nearer to a major town or city category, whilst Derbyshire County spans across all settlement types. Settlement types were compared but there was no significant difference between them.

4.5 Deaths from suicide and injury of undetermined intent by location and means of death

4.5.1 Place of death

Table 6 shows the locations of the deaths registered in 2024 across both Derbyshire County and Derby City. For 2024, 50 (40%) of the deaths occurred outside of Home and Hospital settings. The median distance travelled to these outdoor locations from the home residence was 1.9 miles.

Table 6: Deaths from suicide and injury of undetermined intent registered in 2024 by place of death

Place of Death	Number (% ³)
Home	57 (46%)
Other buildings	18 (14%)
Outside	17 (14%)
Hospital ¹	17 (14%)
Highway	5 (4%)
Railway	*
Waterway	*
Hotel	*
Total Deaths	124

Source: Primary Care Mortality Database

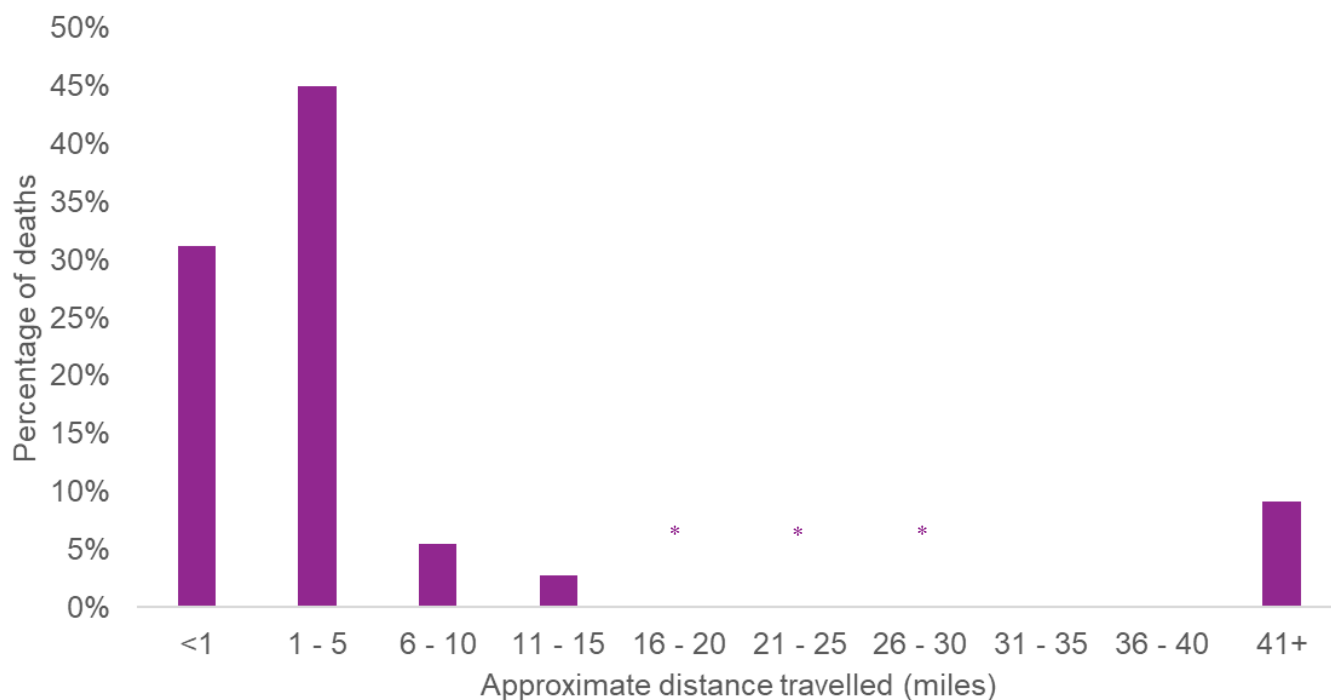
¹ Hospital category does not distinguish between deaths which occurred in hospital following conveyance from another location, or a suicide attempt on the hospital site

³ Percentage does not total 100% due to rounding of values

* Suppressed to prevent disclosure through differencing

Distance between resident home postcode and postcode of place of death was calculated for 3 years pooled data and the median distance travelled was approximately 2.4 miles. The median was calculated rather than the average due to the large range in distance travelled (0 miles - 140 miles). Most deaths, 76%, occurred within 5 miles of the resident's home. A breakdown of the percentage of deaths that occurred outside of the home and the distance travelled can be seen in Figure 12.

Figure 12. Distance travelled from resident postcode to place of death postcode for deaths registered in 2022, 2023 and 2024 that occurred outside of the home/hospital



Source: Primary Care Mortality Database and Office for National Statistics

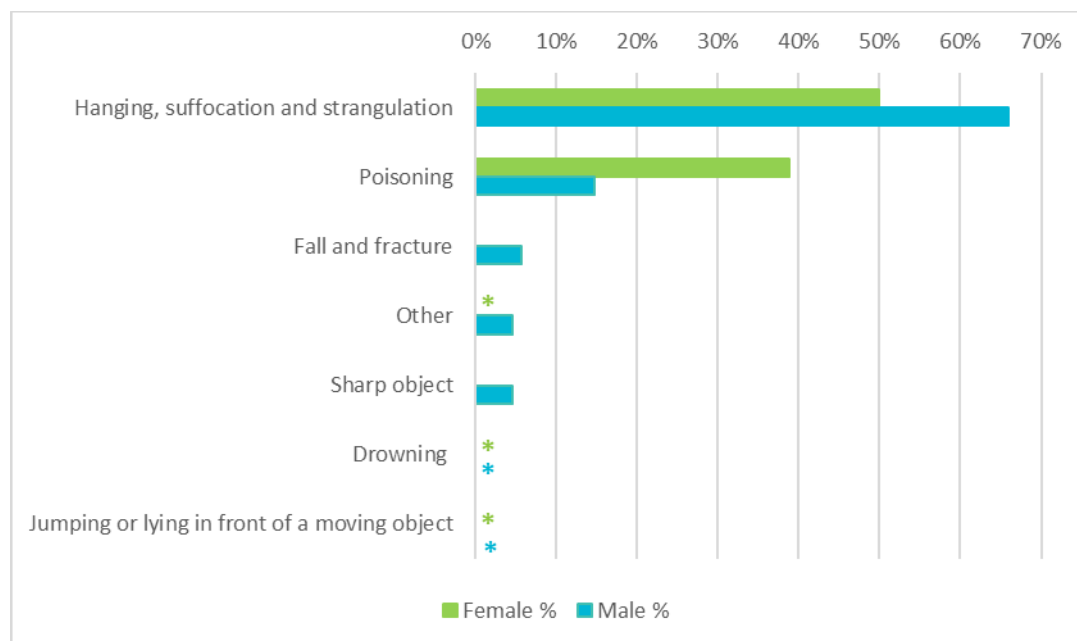
* Counts of less than 3 are suppressed as prescribed by the disclosure control guidance (ONS)

4.5.2 Method of death

National data and the literature indicate that hanging, suffocation and strangulation is the most common method of suicide in England and Wales¹². Figure 13 shows the proportions of deaths in Derby City and Derbyshire County by sex. Hanging, suffocation and strangulation accounted for most deaths for both males and females.

¹² [Suicides in England and Wales - Office for National Statistics](#)

Figure 13: Method of death for deaths from suicide and injury of undetermined intent in Derbyshire County and Derby City, by percentage of deaths registered in 2024



Source: Primary Care Mortality Database and Office for National Statistics

* Counts of less than 3 are suppressed as prescribed by the disclosure control guidance (ONS)

5 SUPPORT IN DERBYSHIRE FOR PEOPLE BEREAVED BY SUICIDE

For immediate and follow up help **The Tomorrow Project** offer a variety of support to help someone manage the loss up to 1 year after the death. There is no age restriction to access the service. A suicide bereavement support officer will make contact and arrange to meet for ongoing emotional and practical support. The project also provides support and information during / at the Inquest; and guidance and professional advice if you are concerned or caring for someone bereaved by suicide.

People can refer themselves or can be referred by a professional by contacting bereavement.derbys@tomorrowproject.org.uk; or leave a message on 01246 541935 (Monday to Friday, 09:30-17:00).

Survivors of Bereavement by Suicide (SOBS) offer longer term peer support.

This is accessed through support groups, a national helpline, e-mail and online forums and is available indefinitely. People refer themselves by contacting their local support group. Information around our groups can be found on our website by following the link <https://uksobs.org/we-can-help/local-support-groups/find/>

For other suicide bereavement support visit the Joined Up Care Derbyshire website <https://joinedupcarederbyshire.co.uk/stay-well/promoting-mental-health-and-wellbeing/self-harm-and-suicide-prevention/>